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## Worksheet 6-5: Solving Linear Systems by Elimination

We can also solve a system of linear equations by the method of elimination which involves eliminating one of the variables by adding or subtracting the two equations.
**FIRST identify the variable to be eliminated**
Practice: Adding two linear equations (When you have "opposite" signs)

1. (a)

$$
x+y=10
$$

$2 x-y=5$
(b) $\quad 2 x+3 y=12$
$-2 x-5 y=-8$

Practice: Subtracting two linear equations (When you have "same" signs)
2. (a)
$-x+13 y=-22$
$-x-15 y=6$
(b) $\quad \begin{aligned}-5 x-7 y & =27 \\ 2 x-7 y & =20\end{aligned}$

## Eliminating by Addition then Solve (When you have "opposite" signs)

Step 1: Eliminate one of the variables by adding or subtracting to create an equation with only one variable. (**Multiply the equation(s) to eliminate terms if necessary.)
Step 2: Solve for the remaining variable.
Step 3: Substitute the value for $x$ or $y$ back into one of the original equations to determine the value of the other variable.
3.

$$
3 x+y=19
$$

$4 x-y=2$

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4. $x+2 y=9$
$4 x-2 y=-4$
5. $-4 x-2 y=-12$
$4 x+8 y=-24$
6. $-6 x+5 y=1$
$6 x+4 y=-10$

Answers: 1. (a) $3 x=15, x=5$, (b) $-2 y=4, y=-2$; 2. (a) $28 y=-28, y=-1$, (b) $-7 x=7, x=-1$;
3. The solution is $(3,10) ; 4$. The solution is $(1,4) ; 5$. The solution is $(6,-6)$;
6. The solution is $(-1,-1)$
$\qquad$

## Eliminating by Subtraction then Solve (When you have same signs)

Step 1: Eliminate one of the variables by adding or subtracting to create an equation with only one variable. (**Multiply the equation(s) to eliminate terms if necessary.)
Step 2: Solve for the remaining variable.
Step 3: Substitute the value for $x$ or $y$ back into one of the original equations to determine the value of the other variable.
7. $3 x-4 y=14$
$3 x+7 y=-8$
8. $7 x+2 y=24$
$8 x+2 y=30$
9. $-2 x-9 y=-25$
$-4 x-9 y=-23$

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## "Multiply" before Elimination

When there are no common coefficients in the given equations, it is necessary to write the original equations into equivalent equations by multiplying one or both equations by a constant or number first in order to eliminate terms by addition or subtraction.
$5 x+y=9$
10. $10 x-7 y=-18$

$$
\text { 11. } \begin{aligned}
& 4 x-2 y=6 \\
& x+y=6
\end{aligned}
$$

12. $3 x+2 y=28$
$5 x-3 y=15$
13. $-4 x-2 y=14$
$-10 x+7 y=-25$

Answers: 7. The solution is $(2,-2)$; $\mathbf{8}$. The solution is $(6,-9)$; 9 . The solution is $(-1,3)$;
10. The solution is $(1,4) ; \mathbf{1 1}$. The solution is $(3,3) ; \mathbf{1 2}$. The solution is $(6,5)$;
13. The solution is $(-1,-5)$

